- 1. (a) If A is in Quadrant I and B is in Quadrant II, where in the plane could the midpoint of \overline{AB} be?
 - (b) If A is on the negative y-axis and B is in Quadrant II, where in the plane could the midpoint of \overline{AB} be?
 - (c) If A is in Quadrant III and B is in Quadrant I, where in the plane could the midpoint of \overline{AB} be?
- 2. (a) If A is in Quadrant I and the midpoint of \overline{AC} is on the positive x-axis, where in the plane could point C be?
 - (b) If A is on the negative y-axis and the midpoint of \overline{AC} is on the negative x-axis, where in the plane could point C be?
- 3. If A is on the positive y-axis and the midpoint of \overline{AC} is on the positive x-axis, while the midpoint of \overline{AD} is on the negative x-axis, where in the plane could the midpoint of \overline{CD} be?
- 4. (a) If X = (4,7) and Y = (-3,8), find the coordinates of the midpoint of \overline{XY} .
 - (b) If X = (2,9) and Y = (-3,4), find the coordinates of the point that's two fifths of the way from X to Y.
 - (c) If X = (-10, 12) and Y = (90, 72), find the coordinates of the point that's $\frac{7}{10}$ of the way from Y back to X.
- 5. (a) If X = (2,9) and the midpoint of XY is (-3,8), find the coordinates of Y.
 (b) If X = (-2,0) and the midpoint of XY is (3,4), find the coordinates of Y.
 (c) If X = (4,7) and (-1,0) is one third of the way from X to Y, find Y.
 - (d) If X = (-10, 12) and (2, 0) is three fifths of the way from X to Z, find Z.
- 6. (a) Find a point that's twice as far from (6, -2) as (5, 1) is, but in the opposite direction.
 (b) Find a point that is half as far from (0, -3) as (6, 2) is, but in the opposite direction.

- 1. (a) QI, QII, or the positive y-axis
 - (b) QII, QIII, or the negative x-axis
 - (c) anywhere
- 2. (a) QIII, QIV, or the negative *y*-axis(b) QII
- 3. QIII, QIV, or the negative y-axis
- 4. (a) (0.5, 7.5)
 - (b) (0,7)
 - (c) (20, 30)
- 5. (a) (-8,7)
 - (b) (8, 8)
 - (c) (-11, -14)
 - (d) (10, -8)
- 6. (a) (8, -8)
 - (b) (-3, -5.5)