

Identify each triangle in the following ways:

1. obtuse, right, or acute, AND
2. scalene, isosceles, or equilateral.

Don't judge by the naked eye: some have measurements that are not exactly as they may appear. You can use 1-2 "tick marks" on the edge of a piece of paper to compare side lengths without a ruler. You can use the corner of another piece of paper to determine right angles without a protractor.

*A* -

*B* -

*C* -

*D* -

*E* -

*F* -

*G* -

*H* -

*I* -

*J* -

