- 1. Consider this problem: The average age of the 48 employees at Cooper Inc is 51 years. Six people retire; their ages are 69, 68, 62, 62, 64, and 65. What is the average age of the remaining employees?
 - (a) [3 pts] List three problem-solving strategies that you could try in solving it.

(b) [9 pts] Solve the problem, showing clear work. You need not explain.

2. [4 pts] Eldon has saved \$48.60 toward a new game, which is 2/3 of what it costs. What is the price of the game? Show clear work, but you need not explain.

3. (a) [3 pts] Find the first five terms of a geometric sequence whose third term is 180 and whose common ratio is 1/3.

(b) [3 pts] Find the 298th term of this sequence: $140, 143, 146, \ldots$

4. [8 pts] Demonstrate Gauss' Trick in computing this sum:

 $526 + 535 + 544 + \cdots + 2209$

5. [6 pts] Find a formula for the nth term of this sequence: 3, 6, 11, 18, Show clear work.

- 6. For this entire problem, let $U = \{1, 2, 3..., 20\}$, and let $A = \{x \mid x \text{ is a multiple of } 6\}$, $B = \{1, 2, 7, 18, 19\}$, and $C = \{1, 19, 20\}$.
 - (a) [2 pts] Rewrite A using correct listing notation.
 - (b) [6 pts] How many subsets does B have? Use correct notation to list two of them having different cardinalities.
 - (c) [4 pts] Use correct listing notation to find $\overline{B} \cap C$.
 - (d) [2 pts] Use correct notation to write a single element of $C \times B$.
 - (e) [6 pts 2 each] Classify each statement below as true or false: i. $\emptyset \in A$
 - ii. $2 \in B \cup C$
 - iii. $\{6\} \subseteq A$

- 7. [8 pts 2 each] Fill in each blank with the correctly spelled term.
 - (a) In the number sentence, 8 5 = 3, the number 5 is called the

while the answer, 3, is called the

- (b) In the number sentence 2 + 9 = 11, the numbers 2 and 9 are called the
- (c) In the number sentence $42 \div 6 = 7$, the number 42 is called the
- 8. [4 pts] Circle the computation that *cannot* be performed, then clearly explain why, referring to definitions or models that we have studied.

$$0 \div 8$$
 $8 \div 0$

- 9. [6 pts 2 each] Write the complete name (for instance, "_____ Property of Multiplication") of the property best illustrated in each number sentence below. Spell correctly.
 (a) 3 · (2 + 5) + (4 · 6) · 7 = 3 · (2 + 5) + 4 · (6 · 7)
 - (b) $3 \cdot (2+5) + (4 \cdot 6) \cdot 7 = 0 + 3 \cdot (2+5) + (4 \cdot 6) \cdot 7$
 - (c) $3 \cdot (2+5) + (4 \cdot 6) \cdot 7 = 3 \cdot (2+5) + 7 \cdot (4 \cdot 6)$
- 10. (a) [3 pts] List the three numbers that precede 501_{seven} in base seven.
 - (b) [3 pts] List the three numbers that follow $8T9_{twelve}$ in base twelve.

12. [5 pts] Demonstrate "balancing subtraction" to compute $7654_{sixteen} - 213C_{sixteen}$ entirely in base sixteen.

13. [8 pts] Compute entirely in base five: $3004_{five} \div 24_{five}$. Show clear work.

14. [8 pts] Multiply entirely in base eight using your choice of algorithm: $562_{eight} \times 435_{eight}$.

- 15. (a) [3 pts] Write 629 as a Roman numeral.
 - (b) [4 pts] Create the smallest possible legal Roman numeral using all of these digits: C, C, C, D, I, X, X.

16. $[6 \ pts]$ Find all values of the digit d in the 6-digit number 528, 3d4 that will make the number divisible by 12. Justify your response by demonstrating appropriate divisibility tests.

- 17. (a) /3 pts/ List all the factors of 100.
 - (b) [4 pts] True or false: There is a whole number that is both a factor of 100 and also a multiple of 7. Justify your response with an appropriate argument.

18. [5 pts] Demonstrate the Prime Number Test in determining whether 739 is prime. State your conclusion.

19. [8 pts] Find four factors of the number $81 \cdot 35^2 \cdot 11$ that are between 200 and 400.

20. (a) [6 pts] Use any technique to find the GCD of 375 and 435. Show clear work.

(b) [6 pts] Now find the LCM of 375 and 435 using any technique. Show clear work.